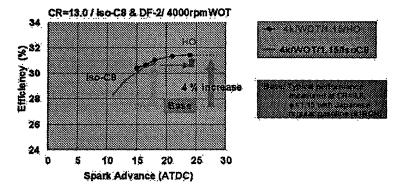


Figure 2: Efficiency(4000WOT,CR=13)

-Iso-C8 (100RON / 100MON) -HO (103RON / 93MON)



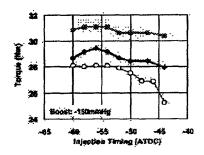
(4000WOT,CR=13, +=1.15, SA=16.5) 1.0 50 0.8 Release Rate 40 0:6 30 - 4KWOTA 15AIG 20 Heat 0.2 10 10 20 36 46 50 60 76 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Crank Angle After Ignition (deg) Crank Angle After Ignition (deg) Comb. *0*10-50 **Ø10-90** Period (deg.) (deg.) Faster late stage of burn 29.5 HO 13.5 Corresponds to spark IsoC8 31.5 advance of at least ~2 deg. Difference 0.3 2.0

Figure 3: Burn Rate and Heat Release Rate

FIGURE 4

1200 rpm, 12mm3/st: Inj.Timing Dependence - Torque -Sperk Timing: 23 dep.BTDC

- + LFG-2B/e13/60.52
- --- OF-1/613/ 60.52
- -O-LFG-2B/e9.8/ 00.52/TMC Data



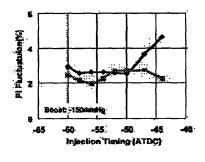
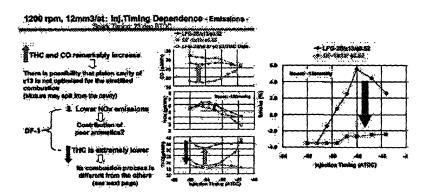


FIGURE 5



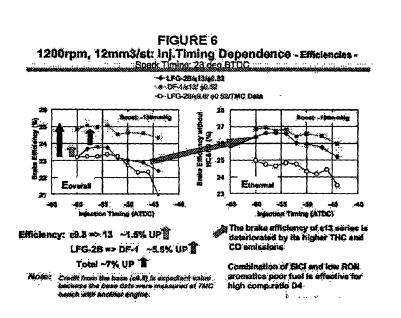
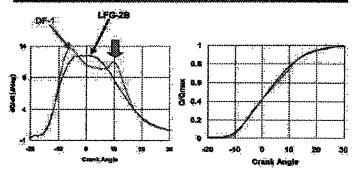


FIGURE 7
1200 rpm, 12mm3/st: Heat release patterns
Spark Timing: 23 dec 8TGC Ini Timing: 54dea 8TBC



in the case of DF-1 with s13, SICI (Spark Induced Compression Ignition) is occurred.

FIGURE 8

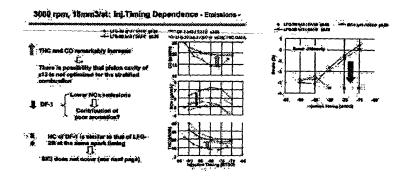
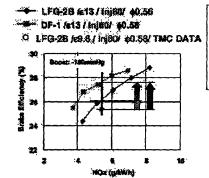


FIGURE 9

3000rpim, 18mm3/st : Credit in Efficiency Injection Timing: 80 dea:BTDC

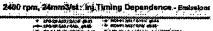


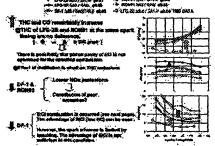
Efficiency: 29.8 => 13 -3% UP LFG-2B => DF-1 -5% UP (not under equivalent NOx level) Total -8% UP Total -8% UP

Above credit is not universal

It is not better way to retard spark timing in order to reduce NOx emissions

FIGURE 10





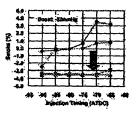


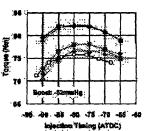
FIGURE 11

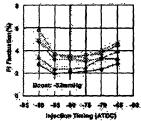
2400 rpm, 24mm3/st; Inj.Timing Dependence - Torque -

Equivalent Boost and ©

- --- LFG-28/e13/8A14/ 40.63
- RON91 (#13 / SAT4) \$0.63

- DF-1 1613 / SAS(TKL) 40.63





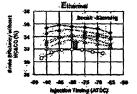
e13 series shows higher torque

FIGURE 12

2400rpm, 24mm3/st: Inj.Timing Dependence - Efficiencies -

- LFG-28/613/3414/ 40.63 -- LFG-28/613/34W 40.63 -- OF-4 (613/349(161)) 40.63

- -0-LFG-28 /69.87 \$2(3) 40.64/ THC DATA



Credit in efficiency will be discussed on later page

The bruke efficiency of all secies is deteriorated by its higher THC and CO emissions

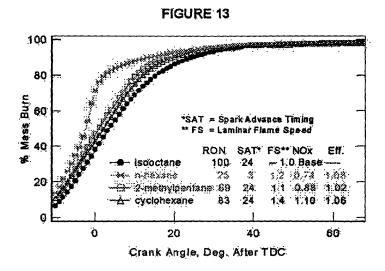


FIGURE 14

